### § 1030.43

- § 1030.43 General classification rules. See § 1000.43.
- § 1030.44 Classification of producer milk.

See § 1000.44.

§ 1030.45 Market administrator's reports and announcements concerning classification.

See §1000.45.

CLASS PRICES

§ 1030.50 Class prices, component prices, and advanced pricing factors.

See §1000.50.

#### § 1030.51 Class I differential and price.

The Class I differential shall be the differential established for Cook County, Illinois, which is reported in §1000.52. The Class I price shall be the price computed pursuant to §1000.50(a) for Cook County, Illinois.

- § 1030.52 Adjusted Class I differentials. See § 1000.52.
- § 1030.53 Announcement of class prices, component prices, and advanced pricing factors.

See § 1000.53.

§ 1030.54 Equivalent price.

See §1000.54.

# § 1030.55 Transportation credits and assembly credits.

- (a) Each handler operating a pool distributing plant described in §1030.7(a), (b), or (e) that receives bulk milk from another pool plant shall receive a transportation credit for such milk computed as follows:
- (1) Determine the hundredweight of milk eligible for the credit by completing the steps in paragraph (c) of this section;
- (2) Multiply the hundredweight of milk eligible for the credit by .28 cents times the number of miles, not to exceed 400 miles, between the transferor plant and the transferee plant;
- (3) Subtract the effective Class I price at the transferor plant from the effective Class I price at the transferee plant;

- (4) Multiply any positive amount resulting from the subtraction in paragraph (a)(3) of this section by the hundredweight of milk eligible for the credit: and
- (5) Subtract the amount computed in paragraph (a)(4) of this section from the amount computed in paragraph (a)(2) of this section. If the amount computed in paragraph (a)(4) of this section exceeds the amount computed in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, the transportation credit shall be zero.
- (b) Each handler operating a pool distributing plant described in §1030.7(a), (b), or (e) that receives milk from dairy farmers, each handler that transfers or diverts bulk milk from a pool plant to a pool distributing plant, and each handler described in §1000.9(c) that delivers producer milk to a pool distributing plant shall receive an assembly credit on the portion of such milk eligible for the credit pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section. The credit shall be computed by multiplying the hundredweight of milk eligible for the credit by 8 cents.
- (c) The following procedure shall be used to determine the amount of milk eligible for transportation and assembly credits pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section:
- (1) At each pool distributing plant, determine the aggregate quantity of Class I milk, excluding beginning inventory of packaged fluid milk products:
- (2) Subtract the quantity of packaged fluid milk products received at the pool distributing plant from other pool plants and from nonpool plants if such receipts are assigned to Class I;
- (3) Subtract the quantity of bulk milk shipped from the pool distributing plant to other plants to the extent that such milk is classified as Class I milk:
- (4) Subtract the quantity of bulk milk received at the pool distributing plant from other order plants and unregulated supply plants that is assigned to Class I pursuant to §§ 1000.43(d) and 1000.44; and
- (5) Assign the remaining quantity pro rata to physical receipts during the month from:
- (i) Producers:

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- (ii) Handlers described in §1000.9(c); and
  - (iii) Other pool plants.
- (d) For purposes of this section, the distances to be computed shall be determined by the market administrator using the shortest available state and/ or Federal highway mileage. Mileage determinations are subject to redetermination at all times. In the event a handler requests a redetermination of the mileage pertaining to any plant, the market administrator shall notify the handler of such redetermination within 30 days after the receipt of such request. Any financial obligations resulting from a change in mileage shall not be retroactive for any periods prior to the redetermination by the market administrator.

[64 FR 47978, Sept. 1, 1999, as amended at 70 FR 31322, June 1, 2005]

PRODUCER PRICE DIFFERENTIAL

# $\S 1030.60$ Handler's value of milk.

For the purpose of computing a handler's obligation for producer milk, the market administrator shall determine for each month the value of milk of each handler with respect to each of the handler's pool plants and of each handler described in §1000.9(c) with respect to milk that was not received at a pool plant by adding the amounts computed in paragraphs (a) through (i) of this section and subtracting from that total amount the values computed in paragraphs (j) and (k) of this section. Unless otherwise specified, the skim milk, butterfat, and the combined pounds of skim milk and butterfat referred to in this section shall result from the steps set forth in §1000.44(a), (b), and (c), respectively, and the nonfat components of producer milk in each class shall be based upon the proportion of such components in producer skim milk. Receipts of nonfluid milk products that are distributed as labeled reconstituted milk for which payments are made to the producer-settlement fund of another Federal order under §1000.76(a)(4) or (d) shall be excluded from pricing under this section.

(a) Class I value. (1) Multiply the pounds of skim milk in Class I by the Class I skim milk price; and

- (2) Add an amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of butterfat in Class I by the Class I butterfat price.
- (b) Class II value. (1) Multiply the pounds of nonfat solids in Class II skim milk by the Class II nonfat solids price; and
- (2) Add an amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of butterfat in Class II times the Class II butterfat price.
- (c) Class III value. (1) Multiply the pounds of protein in Class III skim milk by the protein price;
- (2) Add an amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of other solids in Class III skim milk by the other solids price; and
- (3) Add an amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of butterfat in Class III by the butterfat price.
- (d) Class IV value. (1) Multiply the pounds of nonfat solids in Class IV skim milk by the nonfat solids price; and
- (2) Add an amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of butterfat in Class IV by the butterfat price.
- (e) Compute an adjustment for the somatic cell content of producer milk by multiplying the values reported pursuant to §1030.30(a)(1) and (c)(1) by the percentage of total producer milk allocated to Class II, Class III, and Class IV pursuant to §1000.44(c);
- (f) Multiply the pounds of skim milk and butterfat overage assigned to each class pursuant to §1000.44(a)(11) and the corresponding step of §1000.44(b) by the skim milk prices and butterfat prices applicable to each class.
- (g) Multiply the difference between the current month's Class I, II, or III price, as the case may be, and the Class IV price for the preceding month and by the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I, II, or III, respectively, pursuant to §1000.44(a)(7) and the corresponding step of §1000.44(b);
- (h) Multiply the difference between the Class I price applicable at the location of the pool plant and the Class IV price by the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat assigned to Class I pursuant to §1000.43(d) and the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I pursuant to §1000.44(a)(3)(i) through (vi) and the